



英语教学课件系列

八年级(下)



Unit 5

**What were you doing when
the rainstorm came?**

Section B

Revision: **when** vs. **while**

这两个词都有“当...的时候”的意思。

when 既可指某一点时间,也可以指一段时间;

while 强调一段时间,所以从句的谓语动词常是延续性的。

当 **when** 表示“在某一段时间里”的意思时,它可以代替 **while**, 但 **while** 不能代替 **when**.

e.g. **When** I came home, she was cooking dinner.

当我到家时,她正在做饭。

When you hang wet clothes near a fire, you will see steam rising from them.

当你把湿衣服挂在火边时,你会看到水汽从衣服上升起。

1a Think of a time when you were late for or couldn't go to an event. What was the event? What was the reason why you were late or couldn't go? Tell your partner the story.



1b. Listen and write short answers to the questions.



1. What event happened at the school yesterday?

There was a basketball competition.

2. Who missed the event?

Kate missed the event.

3. Which team won at the event?

John's team won.

1c. Listen again. Number the events [1-6] in the order they happened.



- 4 Kate saw a dog by the side of the road.
- 2 Kate got to the bus stop.
- 6 Kate called the Animal Helpline.
- 1 Kate left the house.
- 5 Kate waited for someone to walk by.
- 3 Kate realized her bag was still at home.

1d. Talk about why Kate missed the school basketball competition. Student A begins a sentence with *while or when*. Student B completes the sentence.

A: When the school basketball competition started ...

B: When the school basketball competition started, Kate was still making her way to school.



Pair Work

A: When the school basketball competition started, what was Kate doing at that time?

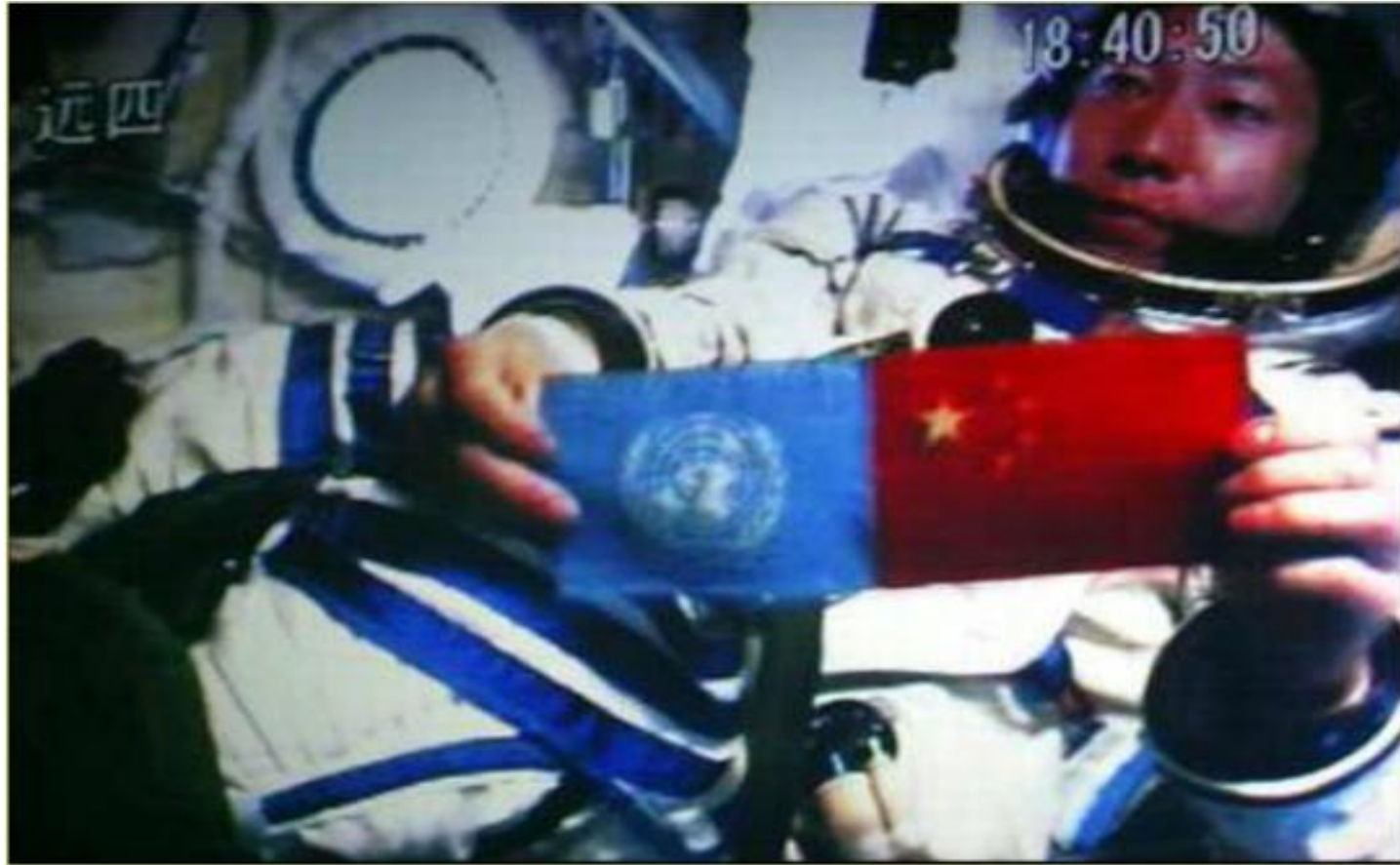
B: When the school basketball competition started, Kate was still making her way to school.

Pair Work

A: While Kate was running back home, what happened?

B: While Kate was running back home, Kate saw a dog by the side of the road.

What do you doing at that time?



Yang Liwei flew around the Earth.

What do you doing at that time?



Beijing was made host to the 2008 Olympics.

China Foto Press

What do you doing at that time?



Beijing 2008 Olympics opened.

What do you doing at that time?



**Liu Xiang won the gold medal at the 2004
Olympics.**

What do you doing at that time?



**The celebration meeting for 60th of the
founding of the People's Republic of China
was held in Tiananmen Square.**

What do you doing at that time?



Hong Kong returned to the motherland.

**Do you know this man? What
do you know about him?**





马丁·路德·金（1929年1月15日——1968年4月4日），著名的美国民权运动领袖。1948年大学毕业。1948年到1951年间，在美国东海岸的费城继续深造。1963年，**马丁·路德·金**晋见了肯尼迪总统，要求通过新的民权法，给黑人以平等的权利。

1963年8月28日在林肯纪念堂前发表《我有一个梦想》的演说。1964年获得诺贝尔和平奖。1968年4月，**马丁·路德·金**前往孟菲斯市领导工人罢工被人刺杀，年仅39岁。1986年起美国政府将每年1月的第三个星期一作为**马丁·路德·金**全国纪念日。



The World Trade Center in New York was destroyed.

2a. Look at the pictures and title in the passage. What do you think the passage is about?



2b. Read the passage and answer the questions.

- 1. What are the two events in the passage?**
- 2. When did they happen?**

Reading the Title and First Sentences

The title can be helpful for you to understand a text. It is also a good idea to read the first sentence of each paragraph before you read the whole text.

Do You Remember What You Were Doing?



People often remember what they were doing when they heard the news of important events in history. In America, for example, many people remember what they were doing on April 4, 1968. This was an important event in American history. **On this day, Dr. Martin Luther King was killed.** Although some people may not remember who killed him, they remember what they were doing when they heard the news.

Robert Allen is now over 50, but he was a school pupil at that time. “I was at home with my parents,” Robert remembers. “We were eating dinner in the kitchen when we heard the news on the radio. The news reporter said, ‘Dr. King died just 10 minutes ago.’ My parents were completely shocked! My parents did not talk after that, and we finished the rest of our dinner in silence.”

More recently, most Americans remember what they were doing when the World Trade Center in New York was taken down by

terrorists. Even the date — September 11, 2001 — has meaning to most Americans.

This was a day Kate Smith will never forget. **She remembers working in her office near the two towers.** “My friend shouted that a plane just hit the World Trade Center! I didn’t believe him at first, but then I looked out the window and realized that it was true. I was so scared that I could hardly think clearly after that.”

1. What are the two events in the passage?

Dr. Martin Luther King was killed; the World Trade Center in New York was taken down by terrorists.

2. When did they happen?

The first event happened on April 4, 1968, and the second one happened on September 11, 2001.

2c. Read the passage again. Are the following statements true (T) or false (F), or is the information not given (NG)?

F 1. Everyone in America remembers who killed Dr. King.

T 2. Robert Allen was eating lunch when Dr. King was killed.

T 3. Roberts parents were shocked to hear the news.

NG 4. Kate Smith was watching a movie when
a plane hit the World Trade Center.

F 5. Kate didn't think her friend was telling
the truth about the event.

2d. Find out sentences from the passage with similar meanings to the ones below.

1. Not everyone will remember who killed him, but they can remember what they were doing when they heard that he got killed.

many people remember what they were doing on April 4, 1968. This was an important event in American history. On this day, Dr. Martin Luther King was killed.

2. No one said anything for the rest of dinner.

My parents did not talk after that, and we finished the rest of our dinner in silence.”

3. September 11, 2001— the date alone means something to most people in the US.

Even the date — September 11, 2001 — has meaning to most Americans.

4. I had trouble thinking clearly after that because I was very afraid.

I was so scared that I could hardly think clearly after that.”

Pair Work

2e. How much do you remember about the events in the passage? Test your partner.

A: When did Dr. Martin Luther King die?

B: He died on ...



3a. Make notes about an event you remember well.

- What was the event?**
- When did it happen?**
- Where did it happen?**
- What were you doing?**
- What were your friends doing?**
- Why was it important?**
- Why do you remember this event?**

3b. Write a short article about the important event in 3a. Try to write three paragraphs.

First, write about the event (when and where it happened).

Next, write about what you and some of your friends were doing when this event happened.

Then, write about why this event was important.

**An important event that I remember well
was _____ . It happened in/ on
_____ at/in _____ .**

**When I heard the news of this event/ When
this event happened, I was _____ .**

My friends were _____ .

**This event is very important to me because
_____. /I remember this event well
because _____ .**

Language points

1. On this day, **Dr. Martin Luther King** was killed.

这一天，马丁·路德·金博士遇害了。

1) 马丁·路德·金(Martin Luther King, Jr., 1929-1968)是世界上知名的美国民权运动领袖。

在20世纪50~60年代，他为改善美国黑人的社会权利及地位做了大量的工作。作为黑人领袖，他赢得了美国各阶层人民的尊重和爱戴，为世界所关注，1964年荣获“诺贝尔和平奖”。

2) was killed 的意思是“被杀害”，表被动关系

2. ...most Americans remember what they were doing when the World Trade Center in New York **was taken down** by terrorists.

.....绝大多数美国人都记得纽约世贸中心被恐怖分子摧毁时他们在做什么。

1) 纽约世贸中心

世界贸易中心（World Trade Center）简称“世贸中心”，是美国纽约的地标之一。2001年

9月11日，世贸中心被恐怖分子用所劫持的民航班撞击摧毁，这就是举世震惊的“9 11事件”。

2) **take down** 意为“摧毁”。

3. She **remembers** working in her office near the two towers.

她当时记得自己正在距两座塔楼不远的办公室工作。

1) **towers** 指世贸中心的双子塔。

2) **remember (someone) doing sth** 是固定搭配。

表示“记得某人做过某事”，其中

remember

可表示“记得；回忆起；想起”等意思。

如：

I don't remember seeing him anywhere.

单项选择

1. I met a friend of mine **B** I was walking in the park.

A. before B. when C. after D. if

2. We' ll go for a walk if it **C** tomorrow.

A. will not rain B. isn' t raining

C. doesn' t rain D. isn' t rain

3. I met Li Lei **C** hospital last Sunday.

He was ill hospital then.

A. in the, in the B. in, in the C. in the, in D. in, in

4. When you are **C** trouble, why not phone the _____?

A. at, police

B. in, policeman

C. in, police

D. at, policeman

5. **A** useful invention the computer is!

A. What a

B. What an

C. How a

D. How an

6. I can't find **C** _____ to sit on the crowded bus.

A. nowhere

B. somewhere

C. anywhere

D. everywhere

7. My mother was cooking while I **C** _____ the radio.

A. listened to

B. have listened to

C. was listening to

D. is listening to

8. **C** _____ TV at that time?

A. Did you watch

B. Have you watched

C. Were you watching

D. Are you watching

9. They arrived **C** Paris _____ a winter evening.

A. at, in B. to, on C. in, on D. in, at

10. Mr. Green told us **C** too much time _____
reading novels.

A. don' t take; on B. not to take; in
C. not to spend; in D. don' t to spend; on

11. Do you know **C** _____?

A. what he happened
B. what the matter is with him.
C. what happened to him
D. what did he happened

12. The thief **D** the purse and _____.

A. drops, run after B. dropped, ran away

C. dropped, run away D. dropped, ran away

13. People in China are always dressed **C**

their best clothes _____ New Year' s Day.

A. at, in B. to, on C. in, on D. in, at

14. —Is Mr. Green really very ill?

— **D** . He's in hospital.

(中考真题)

A I don' t think so

B No, he isn't

C I hope so

D I' m afraid so

15. Her husband is ill

(2006 北京市)

A. in a hospital

B. in hospital **B**

C. in the hospital

D. on the hospital

16. —My pen is lost and I can't find it anywhere.

—So you will have to buy _____.

(中考真题)

C

A. it B. few C. one D. any

Homework

**Write about an event that you remember well.
Give dates and say why you remember it, and
what you were doing at the time when you
heard the news.**

Thank You!