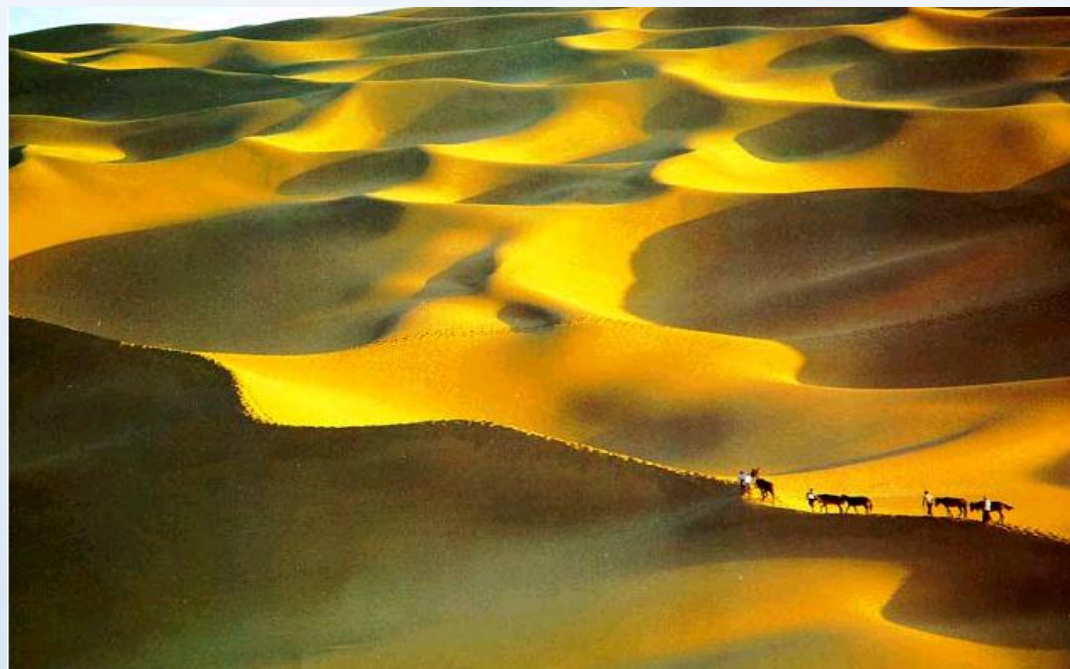


七年级英语·下

新课标 [冀教]

Unit 1 A Trip to the Silk Road



Lesson 2 Meet You in Beijing

New words

exciting 使人激动的	along 沿着.....
kilometer 千米, 公里	culture 文化
special 特殊的; 特别的	
arrive 到达, 抵达	Terra Cotta Warrior 兵马俑
leave 动身; 出发; 离开	Wild Goose Pagoda 大雁塔

Listen to the text and answer the following questions.



(1) Who will come to China?

Jenny and Danny.

(2) Where will be their first stop?

Xi'an.

(3) How far is it from Beijing to Xi'an?

About 1 114 kilometres.

(4) Will they visit Dunhuang?

Yes, they will.



Read the lesson and answer the following questions.

(1) Who will meet Jenny and Danny in Beijing?

Wang Mei and Li Ming.

(2) What will they do along the way?

They will learn about the history and culture of China along the way.

(3) How long will Jenny and Danny stay in China?

About ten days.



☆教材解读☆

1.How far is it from Beijing to Xi'an?

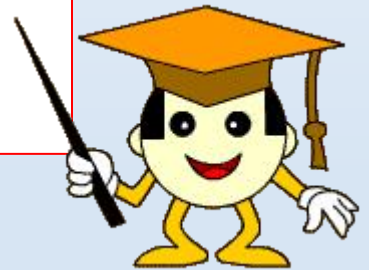
how far意为“多远”,用来询问距离或路程的远近,常用句型为:**How far is it from A to B?**或**How far is B from A?**答语为:**It's ...metre(s) /kilometre(s).**

【拓展】 **how long**用于询问长度或时间长短。

*How long is this river?*这条河有多长?

How long will you stay in Beijing?

你们要在北京逗留多长时间?



2. But we don't have enough time to see it all.

have time to do something 意为“有时间做某事”，此例句中使用的是它的否定形式。

They have a lot of time to play with you. 他们有很多时间和你一起玩。



3. Arrive in Beijing and take a train to Xi'an.

“到达某地”的英语表达形式: arrive in(大地点)/at(小地点) = get to = reach。 “到家” arrive home = get home; 到那 arrive there = get there。

【注意】 如果没有提到“地点”，用arrive。

When will you arrive?

你将会什么时候到达?



4. Come back to Beijing and leave Beijing.

【辨析】 leave sp., leave for sp.

(1) **leave sp.** 意为“离开某地”。

He wants to leave Shanghai tomorrow.

他明天想离开上海。

(2) **leave for sp.** 意为“前往,离开去某地”。

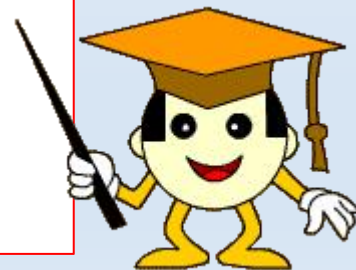
He wants to leave for Shanghai tomorrow. 他明天要去上海。(相当于 *He wants to go to Shanghai tomorrow.*)

【注意】 当表示“把某物忘在某地”时,用 **leave**。

He forgot his book. 他忘记了他的书。

He left his book at home.

他把他的书落在了家里。



Work in pairs. Look at the map and take turns asking and answering: How far is it from ... to ... ?

Example:

A: How far is it from Beijing to Xi'an?

B: It's about 1 114 kilometres.



Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the given words and expressions.

along, exciting, special, how far, arrive in

- 1.—When will you arrive in Nanjing?
—Next week.
2. How far is it from Beijing to London?
3. Come here. Let me tell you some exciting news.
- 4.—Can I eat something special in the U.S.?
—Sure.
5. We will see many beautiful places along the way.



Homework

- 1. Review and recite the important points of the lesson.**
- 2. Try to make a travel plan for your family and write down your reasons.**
- 3. Preview Lesson 3.**

