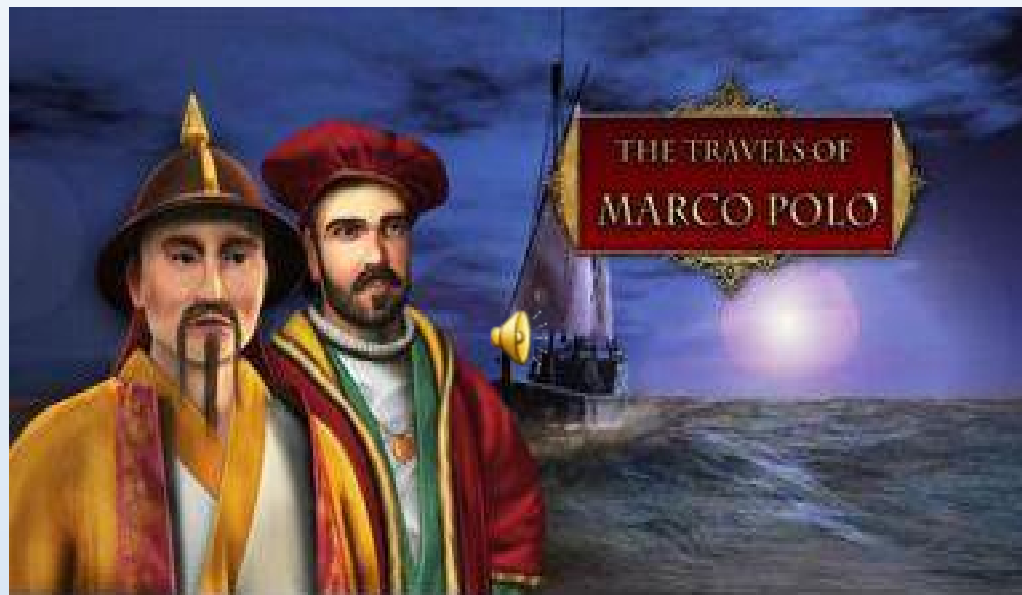


七年级英语·下

新课标 [冀教]

Unit 2 It's Show Time!



Lesson 11 Food in China

Chinese dishes



New words

online *adj.* 在线的；联网的

especially *adv.* 尤其；特别

treasure *n.* 宝物；财富

end *n.* 最后；末端

product *n.* 产品；结果

worth *adj.* 值得；有价值的

Listen and write true (T) or false (F).



(1) Beijing Duck takes a lot of work to make. T

(2) Some people eat noodles for breakfast in China. T

(3) Paul once had Beijing Duck in his city. T



Read the passage and answer the following questions.

(1) What were Jenny's favourite dishes?

They were Beijing Duck and Lanzhou noodles.

(2) Who saw a show about Lanzhou noodles on TV?

Dora.

(3) Why do many people eat noodles for breakfast, lunch or supper?

Because they taste really good.



Read the lesson and fill in the blanks.

Jenny just got back from a trip to the Silk Road. She goes online to tell others about the food in China. Her favourite dishes were Beijing Duck and Lanzhou noodles. They have a lot of history behind them. Beijing Duck is a true Chinese treasure. Lanzhou noodles are hand-made noodles. They taste delicious.

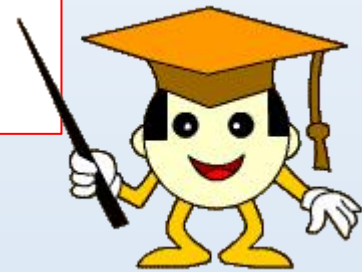


☆教材解读☆

1.I just got back from a trip to the Silk Road in China.

get back from... 表示“从.....回来”。

I got back from Hainan last week.
我上周从海南回来的。

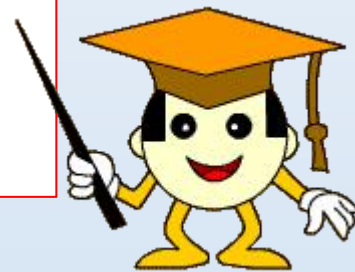


2. Well, they have a lot of history behind them.

a lot of意为“许多”,它的同义短语是**lots of**,后接可数名词复数或不可数名词。

We must eat a lot of fruit and vegetables every day. 我们每天必须吃许多水果和蔬菜。

You need to read a lot of books.
你需要读很多书。



3. It takes a lot of work, but the end product is worth it.

◆ **句式 It takes...to do...** 意为“做某事花费.....”, 此时要用 **It** 作形式主语, 而将真正的主语(动词不定式)放在后面。

It takes me half an hour to walk to school every day. 每天步行去学校要花费我半个小时的时间。

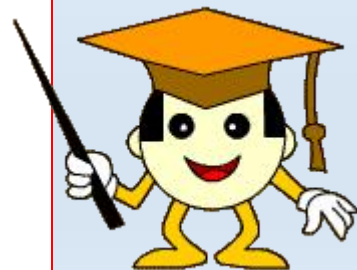
◆ **worth** 用作形容词, 意为“值得”, **be worth + n.**, 表示“.....值得.....”; **be worth doing sth.** 表示“某事值得被做”。

The coat is worth 100 yuan.

这个外套值100元。

The book is not worth reading.

这本书不值得读。



4.They look good and taste great!

look用作系动词,意为“看上去”;
taste用作系动词,意为“尝起来”。后
接形容词作表语。

Your mother looks young.

你妈妈看上去很年轻。

The bread tastes good.

面包尝起来味道很好。

【拓展】 **taste**还可以用作名词,意为
“味道”。 **have a taste**意为“尝一
尝”。

*I made bread just now.Would you like
to have a taste?*我刚做了面包。你愿意
尝一尝吗?



5.It was like magic!

be like意为“像”。

Tom is like his father.

汤姆像他的爸爸。



Each word below has two different meanings beside it. Both meanings are correct but only one meaning is used in this lesson. Tick the appropriate meaning.

1. dishes

- special kinds of meals or food
- plates and bowls

2. treasure

- something very expensive
- something very special

3. taste

- to eat a bit of food
- the flavor of food

4. product

- goods for selling
- result from working



Rewrite these sentences below in the simple past tense.

1. The food looks good.

The food looked good.

2. He eats cereal for breakfast.

He ate cereal for breakfast.

3. They work hard.

They worked hard.

4. She finds many books in the library.

She found many books in the library.

5. It takes a long time to make dumplings.

It took a long time to make dumplings.



5

Work in pairs. Talk about different dishes you know. What's your favourite dish? What's in it? Is it easy to make?

- **Poutine is a Canadian dish.**

**Poutine is made with French fries, cheese and gravy.
It's easy to make and it's delicious!**



Fill in the blanks.

1. 大多数人喜欢在空闲时间上网。

Most people like going online in their free time.

2. 你能告诉我一些关于英国的情况吗？

Can you tell me something about England?

3. 做这道菜花费很多时间。

It takes much time to make the dish.

4. 这个电影值得看。

The movie is worth watching.

5. 这汤闻上去好,尝起来也好。

The soup smells good and tastes good.



Homework

- 1. Remember the words and phrases in this lesson.**
- 2. Write a few sentences about “ My Favourite Dish”, and draw a picture of it or bring a photo of the dish.**
- 3. Prepare for the next lesson.**

