

七年级英语·下

新课标 [冀教]

Unit 3 School Life



Lesson 17 School Science Fair



New words

- **prize** *n.* 奖品； 奖赏
- **video** *n.* 录像； 视频
- **piece** *n.* 张； 片
- **visitor** *n.* 参观者

Listen and write true (T) or false (F).



(1) Danny and Jenny are excited about the science fair. T

(2) Jenny's project is about silk. F

(3) Danny will make five different kinds of donuts. F

(4) Danny will teach people to make donuts. F



Read the passage and answer the following questions.

(1) What does Jenny hope?

She hopes to win first prize.

(2) What did Jenny make for her project?

She made a video about silk worms.

(3) What's Danny's project about?

It's about donuts.

(4) What will Danny make for his project?

He will make ten different kinds of donuts.



☆教材解读☆

1.I hope to win first prize.

win first prize 意为“赢得一等奖”,同义短语为 **take the first place/get the first place**。

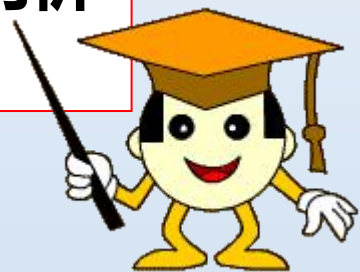
He won first prize.

=*He took/got the first place.* 他得了第一。

2.Don't worry,Jenny.

此句是由“**Don't+动词原形**”构成的祈使句,用来表示请求、命令等。

Don't be late! 别迟到!



3. You will do a great job!

◆本句常用来表示赞扬或鼓励。还可使用“**Well done!/Excellent!**”。

◆【**辨析**】 **job, work**

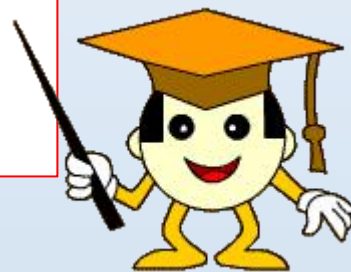
(1)**job**意为“工作,零工”,用作可数名词。

*He wanted a job.*他想要一份工作。

(2)**work**意为“工作”,属于不可数名词。

I cannot find work in this town.

我在这个镇里找不到工作。



4.I am really interested in this subject.

be interested in 意为“对.....感兴趣”。

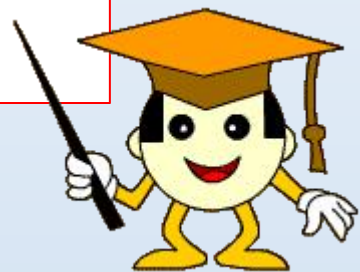
I am interested in English. 我对英语感兴趣。

【辨析】 interest,interesting,interested

(1)**interest**用作不可数名词时意为“兴趣”。
用作动词时意为“使感兴趣”,其主语多为事
或物。

I have no interest in your plan.

我对你的计划没有兴趣。



(2) **interesting** 用作形容词,意为“令人感兴趣的”,主语通常是物。可以作表语,也可以作定语。

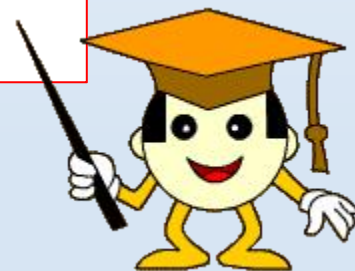
The book is very interesting.

这本书很有趣。

(3) **interested** 用作形容词,意为“感兴趣的;对……感兴趣的”,主语通常是人,且多用于 **be/get/feel/become interested in** 结构中。 **be interested in sth.** 意为“对某事感兴趣”; **be interested in doing sth.** 意为“对做某事感兴趣”。

He is interested in the film.

他对这部电影感兴趣。



5.I have a small piece of old silk.

a piece of 意为 “一张/片/块” , **pieces of** 意为 “几张/片/块” 。

Would you like another piece of bread? 你想再吃片面包吗?

I need ten pieces of paper.

我需要十张纸。



6.I will make ten different kinds of donuts.

短语 **a kind of** 意为 “一种”，**different kinds of** 则表示 “不同种类的”，根据不同情况后加名词单数或复数。

This kind of food sells well.

这种食品很畅销。

There are many different kinds of books in our bookstore. 我们书店有很多不同种类的书。



3 Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the phrases in the box.

be ready for, do a great job, be interested in,
a piece of, different kinds of

1. I am interested in science. I will take part in the science fair.
2. There are many different kinds of flowers in the park.
3. My mum brought me a new scarf and gloves. Now I am ready for the winter.
4. Can I have a piece of cake? It looks delicious.
5. Your project was really good. You did a great job.

Work in groups.

Suppose there will be a science fair at your school.

How will you present your project?

Interview your classmates and fill in the table.



Fill in the blanks.

1. 孩子们正在谈论学校科学展览。

The children are talking about their school science fair.

2. 每个人都想得一等奖。

Everyone wants to win first prize.

3. 大部分男孩对打篮球感兴趣。

Most of the boys are interested in playing basketball.

4. 这是一块丝绸。你可以做连衣裙。

This is a piece of silk. You can make a dress.

5. 在桌子上有许多不同种类的铅笔盒。

There are many different kinds of pencil-boxes on the desk.

Homework

- 1. Remember the words and phrases in this lesson.**
- 2. Read the dialogue after class.**
- 3. Prepare for the next lesson.**

