# Lesson 18:

# Friendship Between Animals

### I. Learning aims:

Remember the new words: friendship, rhino, skin, warn, insect, relationship, survive, mzee, hippo, tortoise, truly, boundary

### II. Learning important and difficult points:

- 1) use的用法
- 2) warn的用法

## New Words

friendship

skin

insect

survive

hippo

truly

rhino

warn

relationship

mzee

tortoise

boundary

## Think About It

- Do you think there is friendship between animals?
- What different animals have you seen living well together?

# Language Points

1. I used to think only the same animals live together. 我过去曾认为只有相同的动物生活在一起。

used to do意为"曾经是;过去常常",表示过去存在的状态,或过去经常做某事而现在不做了。used没有人称和数的变化。如:

He used to go to work by bus. 他过去常常坐公共汽车去上班。

be used to + n. / doing sth. 意为"习惯于(做)某事",注意这里的to是介词,后面要接V-ing形式。如:

I'm not quite used to the weather here yet.

我还不太习惯这里的天气。

be used to do sth. 意为"被用来做某事", 这个结构表示被动。如:

This knife is used to cut bread. 这把刀子是用来切面包的。

2. It also makes noise to warn the rhino about coming danger. 它也可以发出噪音来警告犀牛即将到来的危险。

warn作动词,意为"警告:注意",warn sb. to do sth., 意为"提醒(或警告)某人做某 事"; warn sb. of sth. 意为"提醒某人某事"; warn sb. about / against sth. 或 warn sb. against doing sth. 意为"提醒/警告某人不要 去做某事"。warning是名词,意为"警告;预 告:通知"。如: He has been warned of the danger of driving after drinking wine. 已经提醒过他酒后驾车的危险了。

# Exercises

#### I. 选词填空。

### while, fear, shy, camel, still

- 1. Camels can live in deserts.
- 2. Linda is a little <u>shyer</u> than her elder brother. When you talk to her, her face turns red.
- 3. While he was eating breakfast, I asked him for 100 yuan.
- 4. We stood <u>still</u> and watched as the deer came closer.
- 5. Rose <u>fears</u> fierce animals, so she doesn't like to go to the zoo.

- II. 根据所给汉语意思,翻译下列句子。
- 1. 如果你蹲下身子,狗会跑开。
- If you bend down, the dogs will run away
- 2. 鸭子摇摇摆摆地穿过马路。
- The ducks are waddling across the road.
- 3. 我给你梳头时,不要动。
  - Keep still when I comb your hair.
- 4. 那个小女孩不怕老虎。
- isn't scared of
  The little girl / does not fear tigers.

### III. 单项选择。

- 1. —What will you do this Saturday?
- —I will go to the zoo to \_\_\_\_ the lions.
- A. hear B. look C. read D. see
- 2. I \_\_\_\_ look after my father because he is ill.
- A. needn't B. had to
- C. have to D. have
- 3. There is B new animal at the zoo.
- \_\_\_\_ animal is lovely.
- A. a; An B. a; The
- C. an; an D. an; The

# Homework

What will you do if you go to the zoo?

Do you know anything that we cannot do in the zoo? Why?

Think about it, and write a short paragraph.