ハ年级英语・下 新课标 [冀教] Unit 1 Spring Is Coming!



Lesson 4 The Spring City





- Would you like to live in a place where
 - there are no winters?
- What do you enjoy most about spring?

Read the text in groups and pay attention to these sentences.

(1)When we think of spring, we think of a season of fine, warm weather and clear, fresh air.

(2)Everyone longs for spring.(3)It's quite warm today.Spring is

coming.



Listen to the tape and know about the main points of the passage.At the same time,fill in the blanks with the words you hear.



- 1.In many places of the world, spring is
- very <u>short</u>.
- 2.The temperature is not too <u>hot</u> in Kunming in summer.
- 3.In Kunming we can see <u>flowers</u> and trees anytime of the year.



Read the text and answer the following questions.

(1)What comes to your mind when you talk about spring?

We think of a season of fine, warm weather and clear, fresh air. (2)What is the average temperature in Kunming in winter?

15°C.

(3)How much rain does the city get every year? About 1 000 millimetres.

(4)How many hours of sunshine does the city get every year?

About 2 250 hours.

Read the text again and fill in the blanks. (1)Everyone <u>longs for</u> spring. (2)But in my hometown, it feels like spring nearly all year round .

(3) **Because of** the spring-like weather, you can find hundreds of beautiful flowers and trees anytime of the year.



☆ 教材解读 ☆		
1.When we think of spring, we think of a		
season of fine, warm weather and clear,		
fresh air.		
think of 意为"想起,想到"。		
I often think of my best friends.		
我常想起我最好的朋友们。	N JP	
【拓展】 think of 的其他含义:	e Se Bea	00
(1)表示"关心,替人着想"。		
(2)表示"考虑"。	£9.5.0°∓	
(3)表示"想出"。	(Carle	a a the second sec
(4)表示"认为"。		

 2.Everyone longs for spring.

 long作动词,意为"渴望,盼

 望",long for 为一个固定短语,意为

 "渴望,向往"。long to do sth 表示

 "渴望做某事",long for sb to do sth

 表示"盼望某人做某事"。

 She longed for the chance to speak

 to him again.她渴望有机会再和他交谈。



3.But in my hometown, it feels like spring nearly all year round. feel like意为"感觉像",后常接名 词或从句。feel like doing sth意为 "想要做某事",相当于want to do sth; feel like sth意为"想要某物",相 当于want sth。 He feels like he has never been to such a place.他感觉好像从未到过这 样一个地方。



4.Because of the spring-like weather, you can find hundreds of beautiful flowers and trees anytime of the year. ◆because of 意为 "因为,由于",其 后接名词、代词、动名词或what引导 的名词性从句、在句中作状语、可位于 句首或句中。 He didn' t come because of sickness. 他由于生病而没来。



【<mark>拓展】 *because*作连词,意为"因为", 其后接原因状语从句。</mark>

He feels hungry now because he didn't have breakfast.他没吃早饭,所以现在感觉饿。

*hundreds of*意为"数百的"。当 *hundred,thousand,million,billion*等前有基 数词表示确切的数目时,其后不能加-s,也不 与of连用。但表示不确切的数目时,要在这 些词的复数形式后面接of。

There are two thousand students in our

school.我们学校有两千名学生。



Look at the sentences with some missing words.Please use proper words to fill them. 1.That piece of music made her <u>think of</u> (想起) her hometown.

2.We were late <u>because of</u> (由于) the heavy traffic.

3.It's just seven now, but I feel like (感觉想要) sleeping.

4.Everyone longs for (渴望) the holiday after several months of hard work.
5.The average (平均) temperature is 10℃ all

year round.



Homework

Practice reading the passage with your group members after class.
 Copy the new words twice.



