

第3课时 5、4、3、2 加几

tián yì tián
1. 填一填。

$$\begin{array}{c} 5 + 8 = \square \\ \begin{array}{cc} \square & \square \\ \diagdown & / \\ & 10 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 4 + 9 = \square \\ \begin{array}{cc} \square & \square \\ \diagdown & / \\ & 10 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 3 + 8 = \square \\ \begin{array}{cc} \square & \square \\ \diagdown & / \\ & 10 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2 + 9 = \square \\ \begin{array}{cc} \square & \square \\ \diagdown & / \\ & 10 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 5 + 7 = \square \\ \begin{array}{cc} \square & \square \\ \diagdown & / \\ & 10 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 4 + 8 = \square \\ \begin{array}{cc} \square & \square \\ \diagdown & / \\ & 10 \end{array} \end{array}$$

bǐ yì bǐ suàn yì suàn
2. 比一比，算一算。

$$\begin{cases} 5 + 6 = \\ 6 + 5 = \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3 + 9 = \\ 9 + 3 = \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 5 + 9 = \\ 9 + 5 = \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4 + 7 = \\ 7 + 4 = \end{cases}$$

tián huò
3. 填“>”“<”或“=”。

$5 + 8 \bigcirc 12$

$2 + 9 \bigcirc 11$

$3 + 9 \bigcirc 13$

$5 + 6 \bigcirc 10$

$4 + 8 \bigcirc 12$

$4 + 9 \bigcirc 14$

$4 + 7 \bigcirc 4 + 6$

$5 + 9 \bigcirc 9 + 5$

$3 + 7 \bigcirc 3 + 8$

zài kuò hào lǐ tián shàng hé shì de shù
4. 在括号里填上合适的数。

$5 + (\quad) = 14$

$8 + 3 + (\quad) = 11$

$2 + (\quad) = 11$

$4 + (\quad) = 12$

$1 + 5 + 5 + (\quad) = 13$

$4 + (\quad) = 11$

$5 + (\quad) = 11$

$5 + 4 + 4 + (\quad) = 13$

$3 + (\quad) = 12$