

Unit 6 How do you feel?

PEP 六年级上册

Part A

建议2个课时完成



话题导入



The Way I Feel



课时 1

Let's try & Let's talk



Let's try



It's cold outside. Sam is talking with Sarah.
Listen and circle.

1. Where are they?

A. At home.

B. At school.

2. What will they do?

A. Eat some fruit.

B. Watch films.



Let's talk



Sam: What's this cartoon about?

Sarah: It's about a cat. The cat is a police officer.

Sam: Cool!

Sarah: He chases the mice. They're afraid of him.

Sam: Why?

Sarah: Because the mice are bad. They hurt people.
The cat is angry with them.

Sam: Maybe our cat is chasing a mouse now!

Why is the cat angry with the mice?



Let's talk



Look and tell your partner. How do these pictures make you feel?



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 1

be afraid of 对.....害怕



考向

用法：be动词根据主语人称和数的变化而变化，
of后接名词或人称代词的宾格。

例句：I'm afraid of the tiger.

我害怕老虎。



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》

例句： The teacher is strict. The girl is afraid of him.

老师很严厉。女孩怕他。

**★ 拓展 “Don’t be afraid.(不要害怕。)”常用于安慰对方
不要害怕困难或者某事物，鼓励对方勇敢一些。**



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 2

be angry with 对.....生气



考向

同义表达：get angry with, with后面接人。

例句：He is angry with his naughty brother.

他对自己淘气的弟弟很生气。



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 3

Sarah is angry. 萨拉很生气。



考向

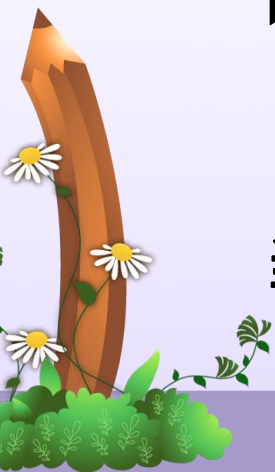
描述心情的句子：

其结构为：主语 + be动词 + 表示心情的形容词。

be动词随着主语的变化而变化。

例句：I am happy when I watch football games.

当我看足球比赛时，我很高兴。



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

一、单项选择。

1. The children are C one another on the playground.

A. chase

B. chaseing

C. chasing

点拨：句意为“孩子们在操场上相互追逐。”分析句子可知是现在进行时，所以应用chase的现在分词形式：chasing。



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

2. There is a **B** in the box. It's for my computer.

A. mouth

B. mouse

C. house

点拨：由 “It's for my computer.”可知应是鼠标(mouse)。故选B。



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

3. I'm afraid C him.

A. with B. to C. of

4. She is A the lions in the zoo.

A. afraid of B. afraid to C. afraid with

点拨：第1小题根据固定词组be afraid of，可直接选出答案。第2小题根据句意“她害怕动物园里的老虎。”可作出判断，“害怕”是afraid, afraid后接of。



当堂检测



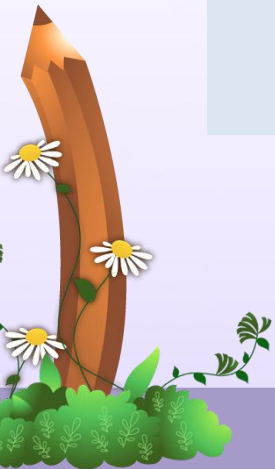
习题来自《点拨》

5. Don't be afraid of my dog. It won't _____ **A** _____ you.

A. hurt B. hurts C. hurting

点拨：句意为“不要怕我的狗。它不会伤害你的。”

won't是will not的缩写，后接动词原形，所以选A。



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

6. He is angry because C .

A. he buys a new car

B. his cat is fat

C. he can't find his new car

点拨：句意为“他很生气，因为……”。选项A是他高兴的原因，选项B是他担心的原因，只有C才是他生气的原因。



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

7. Tom is angry A his sister.

A. with B. to C. of

点拨：根据固定词组be angry with，可直接选出答案。



课堂小结



本节课我们学习了以下知识，请同学们一定加强巩固，以便能和同学们进行灵活交流哦！

重点短语： be afraid of, be angry with

重点句式： Sarah is angry.



课后作业



1熟记本节课所学的四会句型、短语和单词，
必须会听、说、读、写。

2将Let's talk的对话朗读流利。



听力原文



Sam: Feew! It's so cold in January.

Sarah: Yes, but we can stay inside and watch films.

Sam: Great! I like cartoons.

Sarah: Yes, me too. They make me feel happy.



THANK YOU!

